International Presbyterian Church - Ealing Why business matters to God? A biblical theology of work Richard Turnbull, January 2021 Biblical theology of work Why business matters to God? • 18th January A biblical theology of work • 22nd February Divine imperative of wealth creation • 15th March Call and vocation • 19th April Enterprise and entrepreneurship In person discussion evening • May Biblical theology of work Overall aims and objectives • Understand the role of business and the economy in God's world • Appreciate the theology and biblical teaching around work, business and the economy • Recognise the distinctive contribution that a Christian can bring to bear to questions of calling, ethics and values

Biblical theology of work
A biblical theology of work
The significance and importance of work
Theological approaches and principles to work
What the bible teaches about work
What the office caches about Work
Biblical theology of work
'the very first demand that his religion makes upon him
is that he should make good tables.'
Dorothy Sayers, Why Work? An Address Delivered at
Eastbourne, April 23rd, 1942 (London: Methuen, 1942), p18
Biblical theology of work
Significance of work: why work is important
What is the purpose and value of human work?
• Is there a priority given to spiritual work?

	Biblical theology of work
	Biblical ineology of work
	'From a Christian point of view, all human work (and
	not just "religious work") has eternal meaning and value.'
	variae.
	Darrell Cosden, The Heavenly Good of Earthly Work (Peabody,
	MA: Hendrickson, 2006), p. 2.
	Biblical theology of work
	'[work] should be looked upon, not as a necessary
	drudgery to be undergone for the purpose of making
	money, but as a way of life in which the nature of man
	should find its proper exercise and delight and so fulfil
	itself to the glory of God.'
	Dorothy Sayers, Why Work? An Address Delivered at
	Eastbourne, April 23rd, 1942 (London: Methuen, 1942), p1
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God as worker in creation – humanity in his	
image	
Biblical theology of work	
'Men and women, then, were made in part to work, and by so doing to reflect this aspect of God's glory.'	
of so doing to remote time disperse of God of g.o.,	
Jeff Van Duzer, Why Business Matters to God: (And What Still	
Needs to be Fixed) (Downers Grove, IL: InterVarsity Press, 2010), p. 32.	-
Biblical theology of work	
Creation mandates	
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God as worker in creation – humanity in his image	
• Creation is good – so work is good	

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Biblical theology of work	-
'No work will be so mean and sordid as not to have	
splendour and value in the eyes of God.'	
Calvin, Institutes, 3.X.6, Library of Christian Classics, vol. XX,	
ed. J. T. McNeill (Philadelphia, PA: Westminster Press, 1960).	
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Biblical theology of work	
Creation mandates	
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God as worker in creation – humanity in his	
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. Creation is good as work is good	
• Creation is good – so work is good	
Humanity mandated to work as part of	
purpose in creation	
Biblical theology of work	
'Even the artisan with the humblest trade is good at it	-
only because the Spirit of God works in him. For	
though these gifts are diverse, they all come from the one Spirit; it pleased God to distribute them to each one	
(1 Cor. 12.4). This does not refer only to spiritual gifts,	
which follow regeneration, but to all the sciences which	
concern our use of the common life.'	
John Calvin, 'Harmony of Ex-Dt', quoted in Ian Hart, 'The	
Teaching of Luther and Calvin about Ordinary Work: 2. John	
Calvin (1509-64)', Evangelical Quarterly 67:2, 1995, p127	

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Biblical theology of work	
Biolical theology of work	
'Here Moses adds that the earth was leased to man, on this condition, that he busies himself cultivating it. It follows from this that men were made to employ	
themselves doing something and not to be lazy and idle.'	
Calvin, 'Commentary on Genesis' (2:15) quoted in Ian Hart, 'The Teaching of Luther and Calvin about Ordinary Work: 2. John Calvin (1509-64)', Evangelical Quarterly 67:2, 1995, p121-22	
Biblical theology of work	
'We know that men were created for the express	
purpose of being employed in labour of various kinds.'	
	-
Calvin, 'Commentary on the Harmony of the Evangelists', vol 2, quoted in Ian Hart, 'The Teaching of Luther and Calvin about Ordinary Work: 2. John Calvin (1509-64)', Evangelical Quarterly	
67:2, 1995, p127	
Biblical theology of work	-
'Man was created not for leisure but for work, even in the state of innocence.'	
are state of milocenee.	
Works of Luther, vol. 44, p. 183, quoted in Hart, 'The Teaching	
of Luther and Calvin about Ordinary Work, p. 38.	

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Biblical theology of work	
'The Church finds <i>in the very first pages of the Book of Genesis</i> the source of her conviction that work is a	
fundamental dimension of human existence on earth.'	-
Pope John Paul II, Laborem Exercens, (1981), para. 4; emphasis in original.	
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The significance and importance of work	
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What the bible teaches about work	
The development of enterprise and entrepreneurship	
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THE LOID CHOWS WITH SKILL	
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Biblical theology of work 'Then Moses said.... 'See, the Lord has called by name Bezalel . . . he has filled him with the spirit, of God, with skill, with intelligence, with knowledge and with all craftmanship, to devise artistic designs, to work in gold and silver and bronze, in cutting stones for setting, and in carving wood, for work in every skilled craft.' Exodus 35:30-33 (ESV) Biblical theology of work What the bible teaches about work • The development of enterprise and entrepreneurship • The Lord endows with skill • Work in the New Testament • Scriptural warnings Biblical theology of work Scriptural warnings • Warnings against *laziness* (Prov 10:4-5; Prov 6:6; 2 Thess 3:10) • Warnings against *exploitation* (Lv 19:13; Jer 22:13; Amos 5:12; Amos 8:5-6; Lk 12:16-21; Lk 16:19-31; Mt 6:24; 1 Tim 6:10)

Biblical theology of work

Conclusions

- Work has intrinsic value and reflects God's glory
- Creation mandates demonstrate the importance of work
- All human work reflects God's character, not just spiritual
- The Bible shows the central place of work, business and entrepreneurship
- The Bible warns against both laziness and oppression